## McCLAIN GALLERY



Elaine Reichek: Temple of Heaven, 1982, mixed mediums, 36 by 82 riches; at Concord

## **Elaine Reichek** at Concord

A former student of Ad Reinhardt, Elaine Reichek uses a feminine craft, knitting, to analyze the visual and symbolic languages of archi-tecture in a form of post-Conceptual art. When she began to use knitting as an analytical tool four years ago, it supplied a bridge be-tween the concrete and the ab-stract, the personal and the public, the intimate and the grand; it also permitted her to introduce explicit content into her systemoriented art.

In her earlier work in this vein, Reichek matched an already knit-ted garment such as a baby's bonnet with an example of verna cular architecture that resembled it. Now, she starts with a wellknown building and designs a piece of clothing in its shape-an actual hat, say, set under glass on the left, a hand-tinted, black and white photograph of the building

on the right, and in-between a two-color drawing detailing the structure of both. Superficially, such work resem-bles Joseph Kosuth's "still lifes" which juxtaposed an actual object, a life-sized photograph of it, and its dictionary definition-but where Kosuth explored difference within sameness, Reichek ex-plores the similarities between different things. In effect, she practices what philosopher Gilbert Ryle calls "category mistake"—"The presentation of facts belonging to one category in the idioms appro-priate to another."

The result is a humorous irrev-erence reminiscent of much postmodern architecture. For exam-

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ple, Reichek may place a photo of the White House with a baby bon-net, or an image of the World Trade Towers with a pair of hot pink pants. In a way, she also con-ceptualizes Claes Oldenburg's strategy of turning banal objects like baseball bats into oversize monuments.

But Reichek's pairing of famous buildings and everyday clothing is not only debunking. Her work also questions how we read structure, how we detect similar forms in very dissimilar objects. Rooted in the conventions of Conceptual art, Reichek is also heir to both the feminist art of the early '70s that focused on crafts and the humorous art of the late '70s based on visual puns. In fusing these genres, she has forged a new way of looking at the world.

-Ann-Sargent Wooster

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